

L18 ANSWER 2 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:77416 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:132239
TITLE: Novel fibroblast growth factor MFGFs from human and mouse, their cDNA and therapeutic and diagnostic uses therefor
INVENTOR(S): Khodadoust, Mehran Mohamad
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 59 pp., Cont. of U. S. Ser. No. 36,594.
CODEN: USXXCO
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003022170	A1	20030130	US 2001-820596	20010329
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-36594	A1 19980306
AB	contg. a 28-amino acid signal peptide and a conserved region of basic residues believed to be involved in binding to heparin sulfate proteoglycans present on the cell surface and in the extracellular matrix (human MFGF: amino acid residues 154 to 164, . . .)			
IT	Protein motifs (heparin binding basic region, MFGF contg.; novel fibroblast growth factor MFGFs from human and mouse, their cDNA and therapeutic and diagnostic uses therefor)			
IT	491671-55-7 491671-56-8 491671-57-9 491671-58-0 491671-59-1			
	RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed protein sequence; novel fibroblast growth factor MFGFs from human and mouse, their cDNA and therapeutic and diagnostic uses therefor)			
IT	491671-57-9			
	RL: PRP (Properties) (unclaimed protein sequence; novel fibroblast growth factor MFGFs from human and mouse, their cDNA and therapeutic and diagnostic uses therefor)			
RN	491671-57-9 CAPLUS			
CN	9: PN: US20030022170 SEQID: 9 unclaimed protein (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)			

SEQ 1 MGLIWLLLLS LLEPSWPTTG PGTRLAADAG GRGGVYEHLG GAPRRRKLYC
51 ATKYHLQLHP SGRVNGSLEN SAYSILEITA VEVGVVAIKG LFGSGRYLAMN
101 KRGRLYASDH YNAECEFVER IHELGNTYA SRLYRTGSSG PGAQRQPGAQ
151 RPWYVSVNGK GRPRRGFKTR RTQKSSLFLP RVLGHKDHEM VRLLQSSQPR
201 APGEGSQPRQ RRQKKQSPGD HGKMETLSTR ATPSTQLHTG GLAVA

L13 ANSWER 18 OF 21 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:612184 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:226135
TITLE: **Heparin-binding analogs of fibroblast growth factor and their use in the treatment of heparin-related disorders**
INVENTOR(S): Zhu, Hengyi; Kalyanaraman, Ramnarayan; Kawai, Takatoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9839436	A2	19980911	WO 1998-JP878	19980303
WO 9839436	A3	19990114		

W: JP
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-40785P P 19970303
IT 125266-96-8DP, Fibroblast growth factor 3 (human clone C1 gene int-2 protein moiety reduced), amino acid-substituted analogs
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(heparin-binding analogs of fibroblast growth factor and their use in treatment of heparin-related disorders)
RN 125266-96-8 CAPLUS
CN Fibroblast growth factor 3 (human clone C1 gene int-2 protein moiety reduced) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SEQ 1 MGLIWLLLLS LLEPGWPAAG PGARLRRDAG GRGGVYEHLG GAPRRRKLYC
51 ATKYHQLHP SGRVNGSLEN SAYSILEITA VEVGIVAIRG LFGSGRYLAMN
101 KRGRLYASEH YSAECEFVER IHELGNTYA SRLYRTVSST PGARRQPSAE
151 RLWYVSVNGK GRPRRGFKTR RTQKSSLFLP RVLDHRDHEM VRQLQSGLPR
201 PPGKGVQPRR RRQKQSPDNL EPSHVQASRL GSQLEASAH

L18 ANSWER 19 OF 20 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:444252 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:44252
TITLE: Purification of a plasminogen-inhibiting
carboxypeptidase B from human plasma and cloning and
expression of a cDNA encoding it
INVENTOR(S): Drayna, Dennis T.; Eaton, Dan L.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genentech, Inc., USA
SOURCE: U.S., 40 pp.
CODEN: USXXAM
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5206161	A	19930427	US 1991-649591	19910201
US 5364934	A	19941115	US 1993-167727	19931215
US 5474901	A	19951212	US 1994-277540	19940719
US 5593674	A	19970114	US 1995-430787	19950427
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-649591	19910201
			US 1992-959944	19921014
			US 1993-167727	19931215
			US 1994-277540	19940719

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:612184 CAPLUS
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INVENTOR(S): Zhu, Hengyi; Kalyanaraman, Ramnarayan; Kawai, Takatoshi
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9839436	A2	19980911	WO 1998-JP878	19980303
WO 9839436	A3	19990114		
W: JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-40785P P 19970303				

L40 ANSWER 7 OF 10 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:459155 BIOSIS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: BA84:104595
TITLE: EPITOPE MAPPING OF TWO MAJOR INHALANT ALLERGENS DER P I AND DER F I FROM MITES OF THE GENUS DERMATOPHAGOIDES.
AUTHOR(S): CHAPMAN M D; HEYMANN P W; PLATTS-MILLS T A E
CORPORATE SOURCE: DIV. ALLERGY CLINICAL IMMUNOL., BOX 225, DEP. MED., UNIV. VA., CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA 22908.
SOURCE: J IMMUNOL, (1987) 139 (5), 1479-1484.
CODEN: JOIMA3. ISSN: 0022-1767.
FILE SEGMENT: BA; OLD
LANGUAGE: English

AB The repertoire of antigenic sites on two major dust mite allergens, Der p I of *Dermatophagooides pteronyssinus* and Der f I of *D. farinae*, was studied using murine (BALB/c) monoclonal antibodies (Mab), polyclonal rabbit IgG antibodies, and human IgE antibodies. Fifty-three IgG Mab were analyzed from six different fusions (five vs Der p I, one vs Der f I). By antigen binding radioimmunoassay (RIA), most Mab were either Der p I or Der f I specific, and only 2/53 bound to both allergens. Epitope mapping studies using cold Mab to inhibit the binding of six ¹²⁵I labeled Mab to solid phase allergen defined four nonrepeated, nonoverlapping epitopes on Der p I, a single species-specific epitope on Der f I and a cross-reacting epitope present on each allergen. All but one of the 53 Mab bound to one of these six epitopes. Seventy percent (25/35) of anti-Der p I Mab were directed to the same epitope, suggesting that this epitope is immunodominant for BALB/c mice. Similarly, 88% (16/18) of anti-Der f I Mab bound to the same epitope on Der f I. Parallel cross-inhibition curves were obtained using the species-specific Mab, 10B9, and the cross-reacting Mab, 4C1, to compete for binding to Der p I, suggesting that the epitopes defined by these two Mab on Der p I are adjacent to one another. Both murine Mab and polyclonal rabbit IgG antibodies to cross-reacting sites on both allergens were used to inhibit binding of human IgE antibodies to Dr p I by using 19 sera from mite allergic patients. Cross-reacting rabbit IgG antibodies strongly inhibited all sera tested (mean 79.5% +- 7.7) and two Mab, 10B9 and 4C1, partially inhibited (38% +- 12). However, the four Mab directed against separate species-specific epitopes (including murine immunodominant sites) showed little or no inhibition (< 10% < 20%). Our results suggest that most of the epitopes defined by Mab are not the same as, or close to, those defined by human IgE antibody. The striking differences in the repertoires of murine IgG and human IgE antibody responses to Der p I and Der f I could be explained by genetic differences or by altered antigen processing and presentation occurring as a result of different modes of immunization in mice and in mite allergic humans.

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 254 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 8
ACCESSION NUMBER: 93190104 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93190104 PubMed ID: 7680493
TITLE: Double-blind pilot trial of oral tolerization with myelin
antigens in multiple sclerosis.
COMMENT: Comment in: Science. 1993 Feb 26;259(5099):1263
AUTHOR: Weiner H L; Mackin G A; Matsui M; Orav E J; Khouri S J;
Dawson D M; Hafler D A
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital,
Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA 02115.
CONTRACT NUMBER: NS23132 (NINDS)
NS24247 (NINDS)
SOURCE: SCIENCE, (1993 Feb 26) 259 (5099) 1321-4.
Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: (CLINICAL TRIAL)
(CONTROLLED CLINICAL TRIAL)
Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH: 199304
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19930416
Last Updated on STN: 19970203
Entered Medline: 19930408

AB Multiple sclerosis (MS) is thought to be an autoimmune disease mediated by T lymphocytes that recognize myelin components of the central nervous system. In a 1-year double-blind study, 30 individuals with relapsing-remitting MS received daily capsules of bovine myelin or a control protein to determine the effect of oral tolerization to myelin antigens on the disease. Six of 15 individuals in the myelin-treated group had at least one major exacerbation; 12 or 15 had an attack in the control group. T cells reactive with myelin basic protein were reduced in the myelin-treated group. No toxicity or side effects were noted. Although conclusions about efficacy cannot be drawn from these data, they open an area of investigation for MS and other autoimmune diseases.

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 254 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 254 MEDLINE DUPLICATE 10
ACCESSION NUMBER: 94014735 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94014735 PubMed ID: 8409701
TITLE: Presence of cross-reactive antibodies to HTLV-1 and absence
of antigens in patients with **multiple**
sclerosis.
COMMENT: Comment in: J Lab Clin Med. 1993 Sep;122(3):230-1
AUTHOR: Shirazian D; Mokhtarian F; Herzlich B C; Miller A E; Grob D
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medicine, Maimonides Medical Center,
Brooklyn, NY 11219.
CONTRACT NUMBER: R29NS24688 (NINDS)
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF LABORATORY AND CLINICAL MEDICINE, (1993
Sep) 122 (3) 252-9.
Journal code: 0375375. ISSN: 0022-2143.
PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE: English
FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals; AIDS
ENTRY MONTH: 199311
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19940117
Last Updated on STN: 20030102
Entered Medline: 19931116
AB Antibodies to HTLV-1, as determined by ELISA, were highly elevated in the
serum samples of four out of four (100%) patients with TSP, moderately
elevated in four out of four (100%) HTLV-1 carriers, slightly elevated in
12 out of 34 (35%) patients with MS, and absent from the serum samples of
34 normal subjects. Western blot analysis showed that the antibodies to
HTLV-1 antigens in MS serum were heterogeneous. Cultivation of peripheral
blood lymphocytes (PBLs) from patients with MS or normal subjects did not
generate HTLV-1 core p19 antigen in the supernatant of culture medium,
whereas cultivation of PBLs from patients with TSP and carriers of HTLV-1
generated core p19 antigen after 3 days for up to 28 days of cultivation.
HTLV-1 antigens were also expressed on the surface of PBLs in three out of
four patients with TSP and in two out of four HTLV-1 carriers on days 14
and 28 of cultivation, as measured by indirect immunofluorescence or
alkaline phosphatase staining, but were not found in PBLs of any of 34
patients with MS or 34 normal subjects. The data indicate that although
cross-reacting antibodies appear in the serum of some patients with MS,
not enough evidence exists to suggest that HTLV-1 antigen is being
produced in MS or that HTLV-1 plays a role in the pathogenesis of this
disease.